

**do homework  
(did, done)**

/du: 'həʊmwɜ:k/

v

All the pupils must do their homework.

**get up  
(got, got)**

/get 'ʌp/

v

I wake up at six o'clock but I only get up at half past six.

**go home  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ 'həʊm/

v

After school I go home and do my homework.

**go to bed  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ tə 'bed/

v

When I am tired in the evening I go to bed.

**go to school  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ tə 'sku:l/

v

My father goes to work at 6 and I go to school at 8.

**have a shower  
(had, had)**

/hæv ə 'ʃaʊə/

v

After doing some sport I have a shower.

**have breakfast  
(had, had)**

/hæv 'brekfəst/

v

We have breakfast in the kitchen every morning.

**have lunch  
(had, had)**

/hæv 'lʌntʃ/

v

He has lunch in a very expensive restaurant.

**have supper  
(had, had)**

/hæv 'sʌpə/

v

In some countries people have supper at 10 p.m.

**watch TV**

/wɒtʃ 'ti: 'vi:/

v

Jacob often watches TV with his family after supper.

**do sports  
(did, done)**

/du: 'spɔ:ts/

v

I like doing sports. I play tennis, badminton and football.

**go cycling  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ 'saɪklɪŋ/

v

My father has got a new bike. He now goes cycling everyday.

**go horse riding  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ 'hɔ:s 'raɪdɪŋ/

v

Eva goes horse riding every Monday. Her horse is brown.

**go to the cinema  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ tə ðə 'sɪnəmə/

v

I like going to the cinema, but I don't like horror films.

**hang out with friends  
(hung, hung)**

/hæŋ 'aʊt wɪð frendz/

v

On Saturday evenings I hang out with friends.

**look after a pet**

/lʊk 'ɑ:ftə ə pet/

v

In her free time, Joelle looks after her pet. Its name is Doggy.

aller se coucher

Unit 1

rentrer chez soi

Unit 1

se lever

Unit 1

faire ses devoirs

Unit 1

prendre le  
repas de midi

Unit 1

prendre le petit  
déjeuner

Unit 1

prendre une douche

Unit 1

aller à l'école

Unit 1

faire du vélo

Unit 1

faire du sport

Unit 1

regarder la télé

Unit 1

souper

Unit 1

s'occuper d'un animal  
de compagnie

Unit 1

sortir avec des amis

Unit 1

aller au cinéma

Unit 1

faire du cheval

Unit 1

**paint pictures**

/peɪnt 'pɪktʃəz/

v

Steven loves painting pictures.  
He paints beautiful landscapes.

**play an instrument**

/pleɪ ən 'ɪnstɹəmənt/

v

Mary plays an instrument: the piano.

**read comics  
(read, read)**

/ri:d 'kɒmɪks/

v

Children love reading comics because there are pictures.

**take photos  
(took, taken)**

/teɪk 'fəʊtəʊz/

v

Paul has a new camera. He takes photos all the time now.

**after (school)**

/'ɑ:ftə/

prép

After school I must do my homework.

**by (car/bus)**

/baɪ/

prép

I always go to school by bus.

**(in my) free time**

/,fri: 'taɪm/

n

In my free time I have two hobbies: music and painting.

**help**

/help/

v

Can you help me? I don't understand this problem.

**hobby**

/'hɒbi/

n

What do you do in your free time? What are your hobbies?

**live**

/lɪv/

v

I live in Fribourg. It is a city in Switzerland.

**practise**

/'præktɪs/

v

I play the piano. I must practise everyday.

**write  
(wrote, written)**

/raɪt/

v

We mustn't write in the student's book.

**enjoy**

/ɪn'dʒɔɪ/

v

I enjoy playing football.

**hate ≠ love**

/heɪt/ ≠ /lʌv/

v

I love taking photos to have good souvenirs, but I hate selfies.

**like**

/laɪk/

v

I like chocolate. It is delicious.

**aunt**

/ɑ:nt/

n

My mother's sister is my aunt.

prendre des photos

Unit 1

lire des bandes  
dessinées

Unit 1

jouer d'un instrument

Unit 1

faire de la peinture

Unit 1

aider

Unit 1

(pendant mon)  
temps libre

Unit 1

en (voiture/bus)

Unit 1

après (les cours)

Unit 1

écrire

Unit 1

s'entraîner, s'exercer

Unit 1

habiter, vivre

Unit 1

passé-temps

Unit 1

tante

Unit 2

(bien) aimer

Unit 1

détester ≠  
adorer, aimer

Unit 1

aimer, apprécier

Unit 1

**brother**

*/ˈbrʌðə/*

*n*

My parents' son is my brother.

**cousin**

*/'kʌzən/*

*n*

My aunt and my uncle have a child, it's my cousin.

**father**

*/'fa:ðə/*

*n*

My mother is married to my father.

**grandad**

*/'grændæd/*

*n*

My mother's father is my grandad.

**grandparents**

*/'grænpɛərənts/*

*n*

I've got 4 grandparents: 2 grannies and 2 grandads.

**granny**

*/'græni/*

*n*

My father's mother is my granny.

**mother**

*/'mʌðə/*

*n*

My father is married to my mother.

**parents**

*/'peərənts/*

*n*

I'm the child of my parents.

**sister**

*/'sɪstə/*

*n*

My parents' daughter is my sister.

**uncle**

*/'ʌŋkl/*

*n*

My father has got a brother: he is my uncle.

**clean the windows**

*/kli:n ðə 'wɪndəʊz/*

*v*

We can't see outside. We have to clean the windows.

**do the cooking  
(did, done)**

*/du: ðə 'kʊkɪŋ/*

*v*

When I'm hungry, I do the cooking.

**do the ironing  
(did, done)**

*/du: ðə 'aɪəniŋ/*

*v*

If you want soft shirts, you must do the ironing.

**do the washing  
(did, done)**

*/du: ðə 'wɒʃɪŋ/*

*v*

We want clean clothes; we must do the washing.

**do the washing-up  
(did, done)**

*/du: ðə 'wɒʃɪŋ'ʌp/*

*v*

After dinner, my sister and I do the washing-up.

**hang out the washing  
(hung, hung)**

*/hæŋ 'aʊt ðə 'wɒʃɪŋ/*

*v*

In summer, you can hang out the washing outside to dry it.

grand-papa

père

cousin

frère

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

parents

mère

grand-maman

grands-parents

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

faire la cuisine

nettoyer les vitres

oncle

soeur

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

étendre le linge

faire la vaisselle

faire la lessive

faire le repassage

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

**lay the table**  
**(laid, laid)**

/ˌleɪ ɔ̃ə 'teɪbl̩/

*v*

Before we can eat, my parents  
lay the table.

**make the bed**  
**(made, made)**

/meɪk ɔ̃ə bed/

*v*

After I get up, I make the bed.

**take out the rubbish**  
**(took, taken)**

/teɪk 'aʊt ɔ̃ə 'rʌbɪʃ/

*v*

When the bin is full, we must  
take out the rubbish.

**tidy (up)**

/'taɪdi/

*v*

When she sees my bedroom,  
my mother tells me to tidy up.

**at the moment**

/ət ɔ̃ə 'məʊmənt/

*expr*

I'm on the phone. I cannot  
speak to you at the moment.

**build**  
**(built, built)**

/bɪld/

*v*

My sisters are architects. They  
build houses.

**chore**

/tʃɔː/

*n*

At home I must participate in the  
chores. I must lay the table.

**do the housework**  
**(did, done)**

/duː ɔ̃ə 'haʊswɜːk/

*v*

When you do the housework,  
you clean the floor, the  
windows. etc.

**give**  
**(gave, given)**

/gɪv/

*v*

I haven't got my lunch with me.  
Can you give me your apple?

**make**  
**(made, made)**

/meɪk/

*v*

On Sunday mornings, I make the  
breakfast for my parents.

**now**

/naʊ/

*adv*

Today is the 21st of June. Now,  
it's summer.

**party**

/'pɑːti/

*n*

For my birthday, I want to invite  
my friends and have a big party.

**stay**

/steɪ/

*v*

I must go back home, I cannot  
stay with you.

**study**

/'stʌdi/

*v*

She studies a lot. That's why she  
gets good marks.

**visit**

/'vɪzɪt/

*v*

My dream is to visit Paris to see  
the Eiffel Tower.

**wash**

/wɒʃ/

*v*

My T-shirt is dirty. I need to  
wash it.

ranger

sortir les poubelles

faire le lit

mettre la table

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

faire le ménage

tâche ménagère

construire

en ce moment

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

fête

maintenant

faire

donner

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

laver

visiter

étudier

rester

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2



**water**

*/'wɔ:tə/*

*n*

I'm thirsty, so I drink water.

**work**

*/wɜ:k/*

*v*

You need to work harder if you want to succeed!

**youth centre**

*/'ju:θ ,sentə/*

*n*

At the weekend I go to the youth centre and I do lots of things.

**How long?**

*/,haʊ 'lɒŋ/*

*interrog*

- How long were you in China?  
- 2 weeks.

**How old?**

*/,haʊ 'əʊld/*

*interrog*

- How old are you?  
- I'm 13.

**What?**

*/wɒt/*

*interrog*

- What is the movie about?  
- It's about a princess and a frog.

**When?**

*/wen/*

*interrog*

- When is your brother at home?  
- At 6:30.

**Where?**

*/weə/*

*interrog*

- Where is the Sears Tower?  
- In Chicago.

**Which?**

*/wɪtʃ/*

*interrog*

- Which chores do you do?  
- I clean the windows.

**Who?**

*/hu:/*

*interrog*

- Who is your favorite singer?  
- Ray Charles.

**Why?**

*/waɪ/*

*interrog*

- Why are you having a party?  
- Because it's my birthday.

**I've got an idea!**

*/aɪv 'gɒt ən aɪ'diə/*

*expr*

I've got an idea, let's go to the lake this afternoon!

**Go away!**

*/gəʊ ə'weɪ/*

*expr*

I don't want to see you! Go away!

**That's a great idea!**

*/ðætʰ ə greɪt aɪ'diə/*

*expr*

- Let's go to the hockey game!  
- That's a great idea!

**All right!**

*/ɔ:l 'raɪt/*

*expr*

- Hey, let's go shopping!  
- All right, we can go!

**How about  
(playing football)?**

*/'haʊ əbaʊt/*

*expr*

- How about playing football?  
- Okay, let's go!

Combien de temps?

maison de jeunesse

travailler

eau

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Où ?

Quand ?

Quoi ?

Quel âge ?

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

J'ai une idée !

Pourquoi ?

Qui ?

Quel(s) ? Quelle(s) ?

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Et si (on jouait au  
football) ?

D'accord !

Quelle bonne idée !

Va-t-en ! /  
Allez-vous en !

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

## I'm busy.

/aɪm 'bɪzi/

*expr*

- Come with us to the cinema!
- I can't, I'm busy.

## Let's (stop).

/lets/

*expr*

Let's stop now, it's getting late.

## Not now.

/,nɒt naʊ/

*expr*

- Sarah, can you help me?
- Not now, I need to study!

## What's up?

/wɒts 'ʌp/

*expr*

- What's up, Tony?
- I think I've broken my arm!

## Why don't we (go cycling)?

/waɪ dəʊnt/

*expr*

- Why don't we go cycling?
- All right, it's sunny outside.

## belt

/belt/

*n*

If your jeans are too large, you must wear a belt.

## boot

/bu:t/

*n*

In winter we generally wear boots in order to have warm feet.

## coat

/kəʊt/

*n*

You can't go out in the cold without your coat!

## dress

/dres/

*n*

For this special dinner, she puts on a lovely dress.

## glove

/glʌv/

*n*

If you play with snow, you must put your gloves on.

## jacket

/'dʒækɪt/

*n*

You are cold! Here, take my jacket!

## jeans

/dʒi:nz/

*n pl*

We don't have a school uniform so I wear jeans and a t-shirt.

## scarf

/ska:f/

*n*

It is cold outside, so don't forget your scarf around your neck.

## shirt

/'ʃɜ:t/

*n*

Men who work in a bank wear shirts and ties.

## shoe

/'ʃu:/

*n*

In order to be elegant you must match your shoes to your clothes.

## slipper

/'slɪpə/

*n*

At home I like to take off my shoes and put on my slippers.

Qu'est-ce qu'il y a ?

Pas maintenant.

(Arrêtons)-nous.

Je suis occupé.

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

Unit 2

manteau

chaussure  
(montante), botte

ceinture

Et pourquoi on ne  
(ferait pas du vélo) ?

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 2

jean

veste

gant

robe

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

chausson

chaussure

chemise

écharpe

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

**sock**

/sɒk/

*n*

Don't wear sandals with socks!  
It's not cool!

**sweatshirt**

/'swetʃɜ:t/

*n*

When you go jogging you can  
wear your sweatshirt.

**tracksuit**

/'træksu:t/

*n*

If you are at home you can wear  
your tracksuit.

**trainer**

/'treɪnə/

*n*

We must wear trainers in P.E.  
class.

**trousers**

/'traʊzəz/

*n pl*

Today women can wear trousers  
too, not only skirts like before.

**T-shirt**

/'ti:ʃɜ:t/

*n*

In summer I usually wear shorts  
and a T-shirt.

**cheap ≠ expensive**

/tʃi:p/ ≠ /ɪk'spensɪv/

*adj*

20 francs for shoes is cheap but  
250 francs is too expensive.

**dark ≠ fair**

/dɑ:k/ ≠ /fɛə/

*adj*

Blond hair is fair, but black hair  
is dark.

**fat ≠ thin**

/fæt/ ≠ /θɪn/

*adj*

'fat' is the opposite of 'thin' and  
'thin' is a synonym of 'slim'.

**good-looking  
≠ ugly**

/'gʊd' lʊkɪŋ/ ≠ /'ʌɡli/

*adj*

Some actors are very good-  
looking, but others are quite ugly.

**long ≠ short**

/lɒŋ/ ≠ /ʃɔ:t/

*adj*

This dress is too short to go to  
school, put on a longer one.

**loose ≠ tight**

/lu:s/ ≠ /taɪt/

*adj*

Loose clothes are comfortable  
but tight jeans are in fashion.

**pretty**

/'prɪti/

*adj*

She has got a very pretty face.

**bright**

/'braɪt/

*adj*

I like my clothes to be very  
colourful and bright.

**smart**

/'smɑ:t/

*adj*

In this restaurant you must wear  
smart clothes, not jeans.

**tall**

/'tɔ:l/

*adj*

'tall' is the opposite of 'small'

chaussure de sport

survêtement

sweat-shirt

chaussette

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

foncé ≠ clair

bon marché ≠  
cher, coûteux

t-shirt

pantalon

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

ample ≠  
serré, moulant

long ≠ court

beau (personnes)  
≠ laid

gros ≠  
mince, maigre

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

grand (hauteur)

chic, élégant

vif

joli

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

**always**

/ˈɔːlweɪz/

*adv*

I always go to school by bike,  
never on foot.

**usually**

/ˈjuːʒuəli/

*adv*

She usually goes home after  
school, except today.

**often**

/ˈɒfən/

*adv*

I often watch television when I  
finish my homework.

**sometimes**

/ˈsʌmtaɪmz/

*adv*

We sometimes chat in class  
with our friends.

**hardly ever**

/ˌhɑːdli ˈevə/

*adv*

He hardly ever listens to the radio:  
he prefers his mp3 player.

**never**

/ˈnevə/

*adv*

I never wear purple, I hate this  
colour!

**buy**  
**(bought, bought)**

/baɪ/

*v*

Can you buy some milk when  
you go to the shop?

**clothes**

/kləʊðz/

*n pl*

My sister loves buying  
expensive clothes.

**fashion**

/ˈfæʃən/

*n*

She is a fashion victim. She  
simply loves clothes.

**wear**  
**(wore, worn)**

/weə/

*v*

I never wear only dark clothes.

**the (red) one**

/ðə ... wʌn/

*det*

Which skirt do you want? The  
red one or the black one?

**the (purple) ones**

/ðə ... wʌnz/

*det*

I love these gloves. Can I have  
the purple ones, please?

**Can I borrow**  
**(your boots)?**

/kæn aɪ ˈbɒrəʊ/

*expr*

Can I borrow your boots? I  
forgot mine at home.

**Can I change**  
**(this) for (that)?**

/kæn aɪ tʃeɪndʒ ... fɔː/

*expr*

Can I change this sweatshirt for  
a belt? I don't want it anymore.

**Can I have**  
**(those gloves)?**

/kæn aɪ hæv/

*expr*

Can I have those gloves,  
please? I need some for this  
winter.

**Can I try**  
**(this coat) on?**

/kæn aɪ traɪ ... ˈɒn/

*expr*

Can I try this coat on, please?  
It's really nice.

parfois

souvent

habituellement

toujours

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

habits

acheter

jamais

presque jamais

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

les (violets)

le/la (rouge)

porter (des habits)

mode

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Je peux essayer  
(ce manteau) ?

Je peux prendre  
(ces gants) ?

Je peux échanger  
(ceci) contre (cela) ?

Je peux emprunter  
(tes/vos bottes) ?

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3

Unit 3



**How often  
(do you go shopping)?**

/,haʊ 'ɒfən/

*expr*

- How often do you go shopping?
- I go shopping twice a month.

**I'd like  
(that scarf), please.**

/aɪd laɪk ... pli:z/

*expr*

- I'd like that scarf, please! I really like that colour on me.

**Of course.**

/əv 'kɔ:s/

*expr*

- Can I go out tonight?
- Of course, you can! It's obvious.

**What size  
(are you)?**

/wɒt saɪz/

*expr*

- What size are you?
- I'm a size 38.

**band**

/bænd/

*n*

There are five musicians in this band.

**classical music**

/'klæsɪkəl 'mju:zɪk /

*n*

I usually listen to classical music: Mozart, Beethoven, Chopin.

**concert**

/'kɒnsət/

*n*

I have got a ticket for Mika's concert.

**drummer**

/'drʌmər/

*n*

A drummer is a musician who plays drums.

**group**

/gru:p/

*n*

The Beatles were an English rock group of the 1960s.

**hit song**

/'hɪt 'sɒŋ/

*n*

A hit song is a very famous song that everybody knows.

**musician**

/mju: 'zɪʃən/

*n*

There are six musicians in this band.

**pop music**

/pɒp 'mju:zɪk/

*n*

Pop music is a genre of music deriving from rock and roll.

**singer**

/'sɪŋər/

*n*

The person who sings in a group is the singer.

**song**

/sɒŋ/

*n*

In this album you can listen to 14 songs.

**last night**

/lɑ:st naɪt/

*expr*

I didn't sleep last night because I went out with my friends.

**last week**

/lɑ:st wi:k/

*expr*

last week  
= the week before this week

Quelle taille  
(fais-tu/faites-vous) ?

Unit 3

batteur

Unit 4

musique pop

Unit 4

la semaine dernière

Unit 4

Bien sûr.

Unit 3

concert

Unit 4

musicien

Unit 4

la nuit dernière

Unit 4

J'aimerais (cette  
écharpe), svp.

Unit 3

musique classique

Unit 4

tube

Unit 4

chanson

Unit 4

A quelle fréquence fais-  
tu / vous des courses ?

Unit 3

groupe

Unit 4

groupe

Unit 4

chanteur

Unit 4

**last weekend**

/lɑːst ˌwi:k'end/

*expr*

last Saturday + last Sunday  
= last weekend

**last month**

/lɑːst mʌnθ/

*expr*

Now it is February but last  
month, it was January.

**last year**

/lɑːst jɪə/

*expr*

I'm thirteen years old but last  
year I was twelve years old.

**yesterday**

/'jestədeɪ/

*expr*

Today is Wednesday but  
yesterday was Tuesday.

**yesterday morning**

/'jestədeɪ 'mɔːnɪŋ/

*expr*

the day before today at 8 a.m.  
= yesterday morning

**yesterday afternoon**

/'jestədeɪ ˌɑːftə'nuːn/

*expr*

the day before today at 3 p.m.  
= yesterday afternoon

**yesterday evening**

/'jestədeɪ 'iːvniŋ/

*expr*

I was really tired yesterday  
evening, I went to bed at 9:30.

**actor**

/'æktə/

*n*

Leonardo DiCaprio is an actor;  
he performs in films, theatres...

**actress**

/'æktɹəs/

*n*

Angelina Jolie is an actress; she  
performs in films, theatres...

**famous**

/'feɪməs/

*adj*

Everybody knows this actor, he  
is really famous.

**radio**

/'reɪdiəʊ/

*n*

I can listen to music and the  
news in my car because I have a  
radio.

**star**

/stɑː/

*n*

This actor is well-known. He is a  
star in his country.

**apartment**

/ə'pɑːtmənt/

*n*

I don't live in a big house but in  
a small apartment (= flat).

**date**

/deɪt/

*n*

- What's the date today?  
- It's Monday, April 17th.

**girlfriend**

/'gɜːlfrend/

*n*

Tom is not married but he has a  
girlfriend. He is in love with her.

**life**

/laɪf/

*n*

Life is the period of time when a  
person is alive.

hier

l'année dernière

le mois dernier

le week-end dernier

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

acteur

hier soir

hier après-midi

hier matin

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

star

radio

célèbre

actrice

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

vie

petite amie

date

appartement

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

**near**

/nɪə/

*prép*

'near' is the opposite of 'far'

**surname**

/'sɜ:nɛɪm/

*n*

My first name is James and my surname is Smith.

**wife**

/waɪf/

*n*

Jack is married to his wife Lucy.

**at (six o'clock)**

/ət/

*prép*

I usually have breakfast at six o'clock.

**at night**

/ət naɪt/

*expr*

My parents sometimes let me watch TV at night.

**at the weekend**

/ət ðə 'wi:k'end/

*expr*

I can't go out during the week but I can at the weekend.

**in the (morning / afternoon / evening)**

/,ɪn ðə/

*expr*

We have school in the morning and in the afternoon.

**in (April / 1990)**

/,ɪn/

*prép*

Easter is usually in April.

**on (Saturday / 4th January)**

/ɒn/

*prép*

- Is the party on Saturday?  
- Yes, it's on 4th January.

**How was (the concert)?**

/haʊ wəz/

*expr*

- How was the concert?  
- It was great!

**I was born on (15th January).**

/aɪ wəz 'bɔ:n ɒn/

*expr*

- When were you born?  
- I was born on 15th January.

**When (were you) born?**

/wen ... 'bɔ:n/

*expr*

- When were you born?  
- I was born on 15th January.

**It's a joke!**

/ɪts ə dʒəʊk/

*expr*

I'm kidding! It's a joke!

**You're welcome.**

/jɔ: 'welkəm/

*expr*

- Thank you very much!  
- You're welcome.

**Cool!**

/ku:l/

*expr*

I got a 6 at my English test! Cool!

**I know.**

/aɪ nəʊ/

*expr*

- Did you make this cake?  
- Yes, it's terrible, I know.

à (six heures)

épouse

nom de famille

près de

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

en (avril / 1990)

le (matin /  
après-midi / soir)

pendant le week-end

le soir

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Quand (es-tu / êtes-  
vous) né ?

Je suis né le  
(15 janvier).

Comment as-tu/vous  
trouvé (le concert) ?

le  
(samedi / 4 janvier)

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Je sais.

Super !

De rien.

C'est une  
plaisanterie !

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

Unit 4

**I'm sorry.**

/aɪm 'sɒri/

*expr*

I am late today! I'm sorry.

**Really?**

/'ri:li/

*expr*

Are you sixty years old, really?  
You look so young!

**arrive**

/ə'reɪv/

*v*

My plane arrives at the airport at  
8:00 a.m.

**call**

/kɔ:l/

*v*

Can you lend me your cellphone  
please? I have to call my mother.

**change**

/tʃeɪndʒ/

*v*

I changed my mind. I'd like the  
blue shirt instead of the red  
one.

**climb**

/klaɪm/

*v*

Be careful when you climb the  
tree!

**die**

/daɪ/

*v*

I was very sad when my  
grandmother died 5 years ago.

**end**

/end/

*v*

It was such a long concert. It  
ended at midnight.

**finish**

/'fɪnɪʃ/

*v*

He finishes school at 3:20 p.m.

**happen**

/'hæpən/

*v*

You are late. What happened?

**look for**

/'lʊk fɔ:/

*v*

I am looking for my pen. I have  
nothing to write with.

**marry**

/'mæri/

*v*

In 2014, she married an old  
school friend.

**start**

/stɑ:t/

*v*

Her classes start at 7:45 a.m.

**stop**

/stɒp/

*v*

Stop smoking. It's bad for your  
health.

**travel**

/'trævəl/

*v*

I travelled to Asia last summer.

**try**

/traɪ/

*v*

I tried to call you yesterday but  
there was nobody home.

appeler

arriver

Vraiment ?

Je suis désolé.

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 4

Unit 4

s'achever

mourir

monter

changer

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

se marier

chercher

se passer

finir

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

essayer

voyager

cesser

commencer

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5



**walk**

/wɔ:k/

v

Her house is not far away so she walks to school every day.

**watch**

/wɒtʃ/

v

I watch TV from 7 p.m. to 8 p.m. every night.

**do a puzzle  
(did, done)**

/du: ə 'pʌzl/

v

Mark hates doing puzzles because of all those pieces.

**do exercises  
(did, done)**

/du: 'eksəsaɪzɪz/

v

My sister sometimes helps me do my English exercises.

**go for a walk  
(went, gone)**

/gəʊ fɔ: ə wɔ:k/

v

I need some fresh air. Let's go for a walk!

**go shopping  
(went, gone)**

/gəʊ 'ʃɒpɪŋ/

v

I have to go shopping because I need a new dress.

**go to a party  
(went, gone)**

/gəʊ tu: ə 'pɑ:ti/

v

She often goes to a party at the weekend.

**go to the park  
(went, gone)**

/gəʊ tu: ðə pɑ:k/

v

The baby-sitter goes to the park with the kids every afternoon.

**have a bath  
(had, had)**

/'hæv ə bɑ:θ/

v

I usually have a shower but I sometimes have a bath instead.

**have a rest  
(had, had)**

/'hæv ə 'rest/

v

Let's have a rest. You look very tired.

**have a snack  
(had, had)**

/'hæv ə snæk/

v

Do you want to have a snack before dinner?

**have fun  
(had, had)**

/'hæv 'fʌn/

v

Have fun during your summer holidays!

**make a cake  
(made, made)**

/meɪk ə keɪk/

v

He is making a cake for his sister's birthday.

**make a mistake  
(made, made)**

/meɪk ə mɪ'steɪk/

v

She got a bad mark because she made too many mistakes.

**make a phone call  
(made, made)**

/meɪk ə 'fəʊn kɔ:l/

v

Wait for me, I have to make a phone call before we leave.

**bus driver**

/bʌs 'draɪvə/

n

The bus driver asks for everyone to sit down.

faire des exercices

Unit 5

faire un puzzle

Unit 5

regarder

Unit 5

marcher

Unit 5

aller au parc

Unit 5

aller à une fête

Unit 5

aller faire des courses

Unit 5

aller se promener

Unit 5

s'amuser

Unit 5

prendre un en-cas

Unit 5

se reposer

Unit 5

prendre un bain

Unit 5

conducteur de bus

Unit 5

téléphoner

Unit 5

faire une erreur

Unit 5

faire un gâteau

Unit 5

**law**

/lɔː/

*n*

What you did is wrong. It's against the law!

**moon**

/muːn/

*n*

Neil Armstrong was the first man who walked on the moon.

**be in prison  
(was/were, been)**

/biː ɪn 'prɪzən/

*v*

He has been in prison for 5 years already.

**go to prison  
(went, gone)**

/'gəʊ tə 'prɪzən/

*v*

If you break the law, you will go to prison.

**seat**

/siːt/

*n*

I don't like sitting on the back seat in the car.

**war**

/wɔː/

*n*

World War II started in 1939.

**do  
(did, done)**

/duː/

*v*

My father does the cooking every day.

**go  
(went, gone)**

/gəʊ/

*v*

They went to London during their holiday.

**have  
(had, had)**

/hæv/

*v*

I had a coffee for breakfast.

aller en prison

être en prison

lune

loi

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

aller

faire

guerre

place assise (siège)

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

Unit 5

avoir

Unit 5